B. A. Honours in Political Science

Programme Specific Outcome (PSO)

At the end of the entire UG course in History, a successfully passed out student will be able to

At the end of the entire UG course in Political Science, a successfully passed out student will beable to

- Pursue higher study in Political Science or Public Administration or InternationalRelations.
- The Student will be able to pursue his higher study in the field of Journalism, PublicRelations.
- The Student will be able to compete in Government Services like WBCS, IAS, IPS, IFS, etc.
- The Student will be able to pursue his/her carrier in media houses.

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Course Outcome (CO)

PLSHCC01: Understanding

Political Theory

Introducing Political

Outcomes:

Theory

- Students will learn what is Politics and how to Theorize the 'Political'.
- They will learn different traditions of political theory like Liberal, Marxist, Anarchist andConservative .

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- They will learn different Approaches to Political Theory like Normative, Historical andEmpirical.
- They will learn Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory like Feministand Postmodern theory

Political Theory and Practice : The Grammar of Democracy

- Students will be aware of The history of Democracy.
- They will learn different types of democracy like (a) Procedural Democracy and itscritique (b) Deliberative Democracy .

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• They will acquire knowledge of different aspects regarding Participation and Representation.

PLSHCC02: Constitutional Government and

Democracy in IndiaConstitutional Government and

Democracy in

Outcomes:

India

- The students of this department will have deep knowledge of Indian Constitution specifically : The Constituent Assembly ,Philosophy of the Constitution, the Preamble,
- They will learn different Features of the Constitution
- Most importantly, they will have wide knowledge regarding Fundamental

Rights andDirective Principles given in the constitution of India.

Organs of Government

- The students of this department will be well informed about different organs of the government like The Legislature: Parliament ,The Executive: President and Prime Minister ,The Judiciary: Supreme Court
- They will learn different aspects related to Indian Federalism like Federalism, Division of Powers, Emergency Provisions, Fifth and Sixth Schedules and the process of Decentralization in India through Panchayats and Municipalities

PLSHCC-03: Political Theory-Concepts and Debates

Outcomes:

- The students will acquire information about different Political Concepts and their importance. These concepts are-- Freedom Negative Freedom: Liberty ,Positive Freedom: Freedom as Emancipation and Development; and Important Issue: Freedom ofbelief, expression and dissent
- Equality Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity, Political equalit, Egalitarianism i.e. Background inequalities and differential treatment and Important Issues like Affirmative action
- Justice Procedural Justice, Distributive Justice , Global Justice and Important Issue related to justice like Capital punishment
- Rights Natural Rights, Moral and Legal Rights, Three Generations of Rights d. Rights and Obligations Important Issue: Rights of the girl child Section
- They will learn about Major Debates regarding the interrelation between state and individual rights

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PLSHCC-04: Political Process in India

Political Process in India

Outcomes:

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- Students of this department will have comprehensive knowledge of Indian Political Parties and the Party System, they will be able to identify the determinants of Voting Behaviour like Caste, Class, Gender and Religion.
- They will learn different issues related to the political process in India such as Regional Aspirations ,the Politics of Secession and Accommodation , Religion and Politics Debates on Secularism; Minority and Majority Communalism , Caste and Politics Caste in Politics and the Politicization of Caste , Affirmative Action Policies Women, Caste and Class , The Changing Nature of the Indian State

Developmental, Welfare and Coercive Dimensions

PLSHCC-05: Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics

Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics

Outcomes:

- The students of the department of Political Science will have a comprehensive Understanding of Comparative Politics, its Nature and scope which will take them beyond Euro centrism.
- They will know the Historical context of modern governments which include Capitalism, globalization, Socialism, Colonialism, decolonization and anticolonialism struggles and process of decolonization. They will study of comparatively the constitutional developments and political economy in the following countries: Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China.

PLSHCC-06: Perspectives on Public Administration

Perspectives on Public Administration Public Administration as a Discipline

Outcomes:

• The department teaches its students, different theoretical and practical aspects of Public Administration Public administration as a discipline Meaning, Dimensions and Significance of the Discipline Public and Private Administration, Evolution of Public Administration.

Theoretical PerspectivesClassical Theory

• They are informed about different Theories of Public Administration like Scientific management (F.W.Taylor) Administrative Management (Gullick, Urwick and Fayol) Ideal-type bureaucracy (Max Weber) Neo-classical theories .

Neo-Classical Theory and Contemporary theory

• Human relations theory (Elton Mayo) Rational decision-making (Herbert Simon) Contemporary theories Ecological approach (Fred Riggs) Innovation and Entrepreneurship (Peter Drucker)

Public Policy

• They will learn Public policy, its Concept, relevance and approaches Formulation, implementation and evaluation.

Major Approaches

• They will learn Major approaches in public administration like New Public Administration , New Public Management , New Public Service Approach, Good Governance , Feminist Perspectives

PLSHCC-07: Perspectives on International Relations and World History

Perspectives on International Relations and World History Studying International

Relations

Outcomes:

• By studying International Relations, students will learn how to understand International Relations, Levels of Analysis History and IR: Emergence of the International State System

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• They will have idea of Pre-Westphalia ,Westphalia and Post-Westphalia state systems.

Theoretical Perspectives

- They will learn Theories if IR likeClassical Realism & Neo-Realism ,Liberalism & Neoliberalism ,Marxist Approaches ,Feminist Perspectives , Eurocentricism and Perspectives from the Global South.
- They will also get an overview of Twentieth Century IR History and learn about events like World War, Bolshevik Revolution, Rise of Fascism / Nazism, World War II, Cold War, Emergence of the Third World, Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold War

, Post Cold War Developments and Emergence of Other Power Centers of Power. <u>PLSHCC-08: Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective</u>

Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective

Outcomes:

• Students will learn different Approaches to Study Comparative Politics; these are Political Culture, New Institutionalism.

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- They will gain knowledge of Electoral System, its Definition and procedures and Types of election system such as First Past the Post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation.
- Party System Historical contexts of emergence of the party system and types of

parties

- They will have understanding of Nation-state, its Historical evolution in Western Europeand postcolonial contexts 'Nation' and 'State' debates .
- They will learn Democratization, Process of democratization in postcolonial, post-authoritarian and post-communist countries
- The will learn about Federalism, Historical context Federation and Confederation:debates around territorial division of power.

PLSHCC-09: Public Policy and Administration in India

Public Policy and Administration in India

Outcomes:

- Students will know Public Policy, its Definition, characteristics and models, particularlyPublic Policy Process in India
- They will learn the Meaning of Decentralization, its significance, approaches and types of decentralization, Local Self Governance: Rural and Urban
- They will learn the Concept and Significance of Budget, Budget Cycle in India
- They will know the process of Citizen and Administration Interface i.e. Public
- Service Delivery , Redressal of Public Grievances through RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and E- Governance.
- They will learn Concept and Approaches of Social Welfare Administration, Social Welfare Policies in the sphere of Education (Right To Education), Health (National Health Mission), Food(Right To Food Security) Employment (MNREGA)

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PLSHCC-10: Global Politics

Global Politics

Outcomes:

- Students will have understanding of the Conception and alternative Perspectives of Globalization Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality
- They will learn about Global Economy, Its Significance and Anchors like IMF, WorldBank, WTO, TNCs
- They will know globalization from Cultural and Technological Dimension.
- They will acquire knowledge regarding Global Resistances (Global Social Movements and NGOs), Contemporary Global Issues a. Ecological Issues:

Historical Overview of International Environmental Agreements, Climate Change, Global Commons Debate b. Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons c. International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism; Post 9/11 developments d. Migration e. Human Security.

• They will learn about Global Shifts in terms of Power and Governance.

PLSHCC-11: Classical Political Philosophy

Classical Political Philosophy

Outcomes:

• Students of the department will study texts of Plato and interpretations of his Philosophy and Politics, Theory of Forms, Justice, Philosopher King/Queen, Communism Presentation theme: Critique of Democracy; Women and Guardianship, Censorship

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- They will also study texts of Aristotle and interpretations of his ideas of Forms, Virtue, Citizenship, Justice, State and Household Presentation themes: Classification of governments; man as zoon politikon
- They will learn ideas of Machiavelli like, his ideas of Virtue, Religion, Republicanism Presentation themes: morality and statecraft; vice and virtue
- They will learn Possessive Individualism, Hobbes's ideas of Human nature, State of Nature, Social Contract, State Presentation themes: State of nature; social contract; Leviathan; atomistic individuals.
- Locke's idea Laws of Nature, Natural Rights, Property, Presentation themes: Natural rights; right to dissent; justification of property.

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PLSHCC-12: Indian Political Thought

Indian Political Thought.

Outcomes:

- Students of the department will learn Traditions of Pre-colonial Indian Political Thought like Brahmanic and Shramanic, Islamic and Syncretic.
- They will learn about Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma, Manu: Social Laws, Kautilya: Theory of State, Aggannasutta (Digha Nikaya): Theory of kingship, Barani: Ideal Polity, Abul Fazal: Monarchy, Kabir: Syncretism

PLSHCC-13: Modern Political Philosophy

Modern Political Philosophy

Outcomes:

- Students of the department will learn about Modernity and its discourses, they will be introduce to the idea of modernity and the discourses around modernity.
- They will learn Jean Jacques Rousseau, his ideas on General Will; local or direct democracy; self-government; origin of inequality and Mary Wollstonecraft, her ideas on Women and paternalism; critique of Rousseau's idea of education; legal rights.
- They will learn thoughts of Liberal socialist John Stuart Mill Presentation themes particularly his ideas on Liberty, suffrage and subjection of women, right of minorities; utility principle.
- They will learn thoughts of Radicals like Karl Marx, particularly his ideas on Alienation; difference with other kinds of materialism; class struggle and Alexandra Kollontai, his ideas on Winged and wingless Eros; proletarian woman; socialization of housework; disagreement with Lenin.

PLSHCC-14: Indian Political Thought-

Indian Political Thought-

Outcomes:

- They will be introduced to Modern Indian Political Thought.
- They will learn political thoughts of Rammohan Roy: Rights, Pandita Ramabai: Gender, Vivekananda: Ideal Society, Gandhi: Swaraj, Ambedkar: Social Justice, Tagore: Critique of Nationalism, Iqbal: Community, Savarkar: Hindutva, Nehru: Secularism, Lohia: Socialism.

PLSHDS01: India's Foreign Policy in a Globalising World

Gutcomes:

• Students of the department will learn India's Foreign Policy in a Globalizing World.

PLSHDS02: Understanding South Asia

Outcomes:

• Students of the department will have comprehensive understanding of South Asian politics.

PLSHDS03: Citizenship in a globalizing world <u>Outcomes:</u>

• Students of the department will acquire knowledge of United Nations and Global Conflicts.

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PLSHDS04: Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective

• Students of the department will learn about Citizenship in a Globalizing World.

PLSHSE01: public opinion and servey research

Outcomes:

• Students will acquire Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy.

PLSHSE02:Legislative practice and procedures

Outcomes:

• Students will learn Public Opinion and Survey Research.